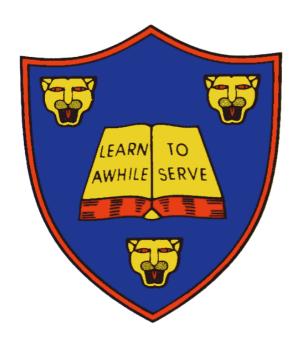
STRATFORD PRIMARY SCHOOL



Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy

Date adopted by Governors:	October 2023
Date for policy review:	October 2024
Person responsible for review:	SENDCo
Signed by Chair of Governors	October 2023

School Statement:

At Stratford Primary School, we are committed to providing an inclusive environment where every child has an equal opportunity to succeed. We recognise that some children have special educational needs (SEN) and strive to meet these unique requirements.

Children have a learning difficulty if they:

- a. have a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of children of the same age: or
- b. have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for children of the same age in schools within the area of the local education authority
- c. are under compulsory school age and fall within the definition at (a) or (b) above or would do so if special educational provision was not made for them

Special educational provision means:

 for children of two or over, educational provision which is additional to, or otherwise different from, the educational provision made generally for children of their age in schools maintained by the Local Authority, other than special schools, in the area.

When organising additional support, it is very important that we provide children with Special EducationalNeeds with a broad and balanced curriculum with regular access to all subjects and areas of learning. We believe that children with Special Educational Needs should not be routinely segregated from their class teachers and peers but included as much as possible within their class.

We will ensure that teachers and teaching assistants (TAs) are prepared for dealing with the challenges and complex difficulties posed by children with Special Educational Needs by providing structured training on a variety of Special Educational Needs issues. We believe teachers are responsible for children's learning and that teaching assistants will be used effectively to provide the necessary supportfor children with Special Educational Needs within the classroom.

The Disability Discrimination Act identifies the fact that some pupils with disabilities may have learningdifficulties that call for special educational provision. However, not all children defined as disabled will require this provision. A child with asthma or diabetes, for example, may not have special educational needs, but may still have rights under the Disability Discrimination Act. We will assess each child as required, and make the appropriate provision, based on their identified needs.

Aims:

- to create an environment that meets the special educational needs of each child:
- to ensure that the special educational needs of children are identified, assessed and provided for;
- to make clear the expectations of all partners in the process;

- to identify the roles and responsibilities of staff in providing for children's special educational needs;
- to enable all children to have full access to all elements of the school curriculum;
- to ensure that parents are able to play their part in supporting their child's education;
- to ensure that our children have a voice in this process.

Access to the curriculum:

All children have an entitlement to a broad and balanced curriculum, which is adapted to enable them to:

- understand the relevance and purpose of learning activities;
- experience levels of understanding and rates of progress that bring feelings of success andachievement. Teachers employ various methods to address the unique educational requirements of students. Each lesson have clear learning objectives: We adapt and tailor tasks as needed and use assessments to guide subsequent stages of learning.

Individual Education Plans (IEP) play a significant role in our school's educational framework. By segmenting established achievement levels into detailed steps and objectives, we ensure that students experience progressive achievements. Every student with an EHC Plan or under 'SEN Support' receives a tailored Individual Education Plan.

We support children in a manner that acknowledges their entitlement to share the same learning experiences that their peers enjoy. Wherever possible, we do not withdraw children from the classroom. There are times, though, when to maximise learning, we ask the children to work in small groups, or in a one-to-one situation outside the classroom.

Educational inclusion:

In our school we aim to offer excellence and choice to all our children, whatever their ability or needs. We have high expectations of all our children. We aim to achieve this through the removal of barriers tolearning and participation. We want all our children to feel that they are a valued part of our school community. Through appropriate curricular provision, we respect the fact that children:

- have different educational and behavioural needs and aspirations;
- · require different strategies for learning;
- acquire, assimilate and communicate information at different rates;
- need a range of different teaching approaches and experiences.

Teachers and other support staff respond to children's needs by:

- providing support for children who need help with communication and language;
- planning to develop children's understanding through the use of all their senses and of variedexperiences;
- planning for children's full participation in learning, and in physical and practical activities;
- helping children to manage their behaviour and to take part in learning effectively and safely;
- · helping individuals to manage their emotions, particularly trauma or stress,

and to take part inlearning.

All the children who join us have already been in early education. In most cases children join our school with their needs already assessed. All children are assessed when they enter our school, so that we can build upon their prior learning. We use this information to provide starting points for the development of an appropriate curriculum for all our children.

If our assessments show that a child may have a learning need or difficulty, we use a range of strategies that make full use of all available classroom and school resources. Our Graduated Response demonstrates the systems we have in place for identifying barriers and the processes involved to meet the specific needs of each pupil. If a child is placed on the SEND register, the first level of support is called SEN Support. The child's class teacher will offer interventions that are different from or additional to those provided as part of the school's usual working practices or Quality First Teaching. The teacher will keep SLT informed and draw upon them for additional information. The Special Educational Needs and Disability Coordinator (SENDCo), if not already involved, will become involved if the teacher and parents feel that the child would benefit from further support. The SENDCo will then take the lead in further assessments of the child's needs.

In an Individual Education Plan (IEP), we will document the approaches used to assist the child. This plan will outline the child's objectives and the additional provisions and classroom support methods employed. Regular reviews will be conducted every term. Alongside the IEPs, we will provide 'Provision Maps' for each class, specifying half-termly interventions designed to address specific challenges and promote progress. If the review identifies that support is needed from outside services, we will consult parents prior to any support being requested. In most cases, children will be seen *in school* by external support services. This may lead to additional or different strategies, which will enhance the level of support being received. External support services will provide information for the child's new plan. The new strategies will, wherever possible, be implemented within the child's normal classroom setting- this is done through adapting the curriculum/setting to meet their needs.

If the child continues to demonstrate significant cause for concern, a request for statutory assessment will be made to the LEA. A range of written evidence about the child will support the request.

The role of the SENDCo (Miss T Parton) is to:

- manage the day-to-day operation of the policy;
- co-ordinate the provision for and manage the responses to children's special needs;
- support and advise colleagues;
- oversee the records of all children with special educational needs;
- act as the link with parents;
- act as the link with external agencies and other support agencies;
- monitor and evaluate the special educational needs provision, and report to the governing body;
- manage a range of resources, both human and material, to enable appropriate provision to bemade for children with special educational needs:
- contribute to the professional development of all staff.

The role of the governing body:

The Governing Body has:

- appointed a member of staff to be the Special Educational Needs and Disability Co-ordinator;
- delegated powers and responsibilities to the Headteacher to ensure all school personnel and visitors to the school are aware of and comply with this policy;
- to ensure that provision of special educational needs is of a high standard;
- to have regard to the Code of Practice when undertaking its responsibilities;
- to report annually to parents on the effectiveness of the school's special educational needs policy;
- responsibility for ensuring that the school complies with all equalities legislation;
- nominated a designated Equalities governor to ensure that appropriate action will be takento deal with all prejudice related incidents or incidents which are a breach of this policy;
- responsibility for ensuring funding is in place to support this policy;
- responsibility for ensuring this policy and all policies are maintained and updated regularly;
- responsibility for ensuring all policies are made available to parents;
- nominated a link governor to visit the school regularly, to liaise with the Headteacher and the SENDCo and to report back to the Governing Body;
- responsibility for the effective implementation, monitoring and evaluation of this policy

Role of the Head Teacher

The Head

Teacher will:

- ensure all school personnel, pupils and parents are aware of and comply with this policy:
- ensure that the daily management of special educational needs provision is effective:
- work closely with the SENDCo, the link governor and the teaching and support staff:
- keep the Governing Body informed of all matters relating to its responsibilities for the provision of special educational needs;
- ensure parents are informed when special educational needs provision has been made for theirchild;
- provide leadership and vision in respect of equality:
- provide guidance, support and training to all staff;
- monitor the effectiveness of this policy;
- annually report to the Governing Body on the success and development of this policy

Role of Class Teachers

Class teachers

must:

- read and understand the SEN Code of Practice and fulfil their duties by it
- be aware of the school's policy for the identification and assessment of pupils with specialeducational needs and the provision it makes for them;
- deliver the individual programme for each special educational needs pupil

as set out in theirIndividual Education Plan:

- liaise with parents and make sure they are aware their child is on the SEN register
- review and develop targets for special educational needs pupils by working closely with the SENDCo and support staff;
- comply with all aspects of this policy;
- undertake appropriate training.

Partnership with parents:

The school works closely with parents in the support of those children with special educational needs. We encourage an active partnership through an ongoing dialogue with parents. The home-school agreement is central to this. Parents have much to contribute to our support for children with special educational needs.

A named governor takes a particular interest in special educational needs and is available to talk to parents.

We have regular meetings each term to share the progress of special needs children with their parents. We inform the parents of any outside intervention, and we share the process of decision-making by providing clear information relating to the education of children with special educational needs.

Pupil participation:

In our school we encourage children to take responsibility and to make decisions. Children are involved at an appropriate level in setting targets and in review meetings. Children should be encouraged to make judgements about their own performance against their targets. We recognise success here as we do in any other aspect of school life.

Allocation of resources:

The SENDCo is responsible for the operational management of the specified and agreed resourcing forspecial needs provision within the school, including the provision for children with EHC Plans (EducationHealth and Care Plans).

The Head teacher informs the governing body of how the funding is allocated to support special educational needs.

Assessment:

We recognise that the identification of a child's need can be made by a number of people including G.P., Health Visitor, previous teacher/educator and parent.

- Early identification is vital. The class teacher informs the parents at the earliest opportunity toalert them to concerns and enlist their active help and participation.
- The class teacher and the SENDCo assess and monitor the children's progress in line withexisting school practices. This is an ongoing process.

- The SENDCo works closely with parents and teachers to plan an appropriate programme of support.
- The assessment of children reflects as far as possible their participation in the whole curriculum of the school. The class teacher and the SENDCo can break down the assessment into smaller steps in order to aid progress and provide detailed and accurate indicators.
- The Local Authority seeks a range of advice before making a formal Education, Health and CarePlan. The needs of the child are considered to be paramount in this.

Referral for an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP):

If a child has a lifelong need or significant difficulty, they may undergo a Statutory Assessment Process whichis usually requested by the school but can be requested by a parent. This will occur where the complexity of need or a lack of clarity around the needs of the child are such that a multiagency approach to assessing that need, to planning provision and identifying resources, is required. The decision to make a referral for an Education, Health and Care Plan will be taken at a progress review. The application foran Education, Health and Care Plans will combine information from a variety of sources including:

- Parents/carers
- The child
- Teachers
- SENDCo
- Children's Services
- Health professionals

Information will be gathered relating to the current provision on offer, action points that have been taken, and the preliminary outcomes of targets set. A decision will then be made by representatives from Education, Health and Social Care about whether the child is eligible for an EHC Plan. Parents/carers have the right to appeal against a decision not to initiate a statutory assessment leading to an EHC Plan.

Further information about EHC Plans can found via the SEND Local Offer: http://www.warwickshire.gov.uk/requestehcassessment

We also encourage parents/carers to make use of Warwickshire's SENDIASS service which providesfree and impartial advice.

The website can be accessed at https://www.family-action.org.uk/what-we-do/children-families/special-educationalneeds-services-children/warwickshire-parent-partnership-service/

Education, Health and Care Plans (EHC Plan):

- a. Following the statutory assessment, an EHC Plan will be provided by Warwickshire County Council ifit is decided that the child's needs are not being met by the support that is ordinarily available. The school and the child's parents/carers will be involved developing and producing the plan.
- b. Parents/carers have the right to appeal against the content of the EHC Plan. They may also appeal against the school named in the Plan if it differs from their preferred choice.
- c. Once the EHC Plan has been completed and agreed, it will be kept as part of the pupil's formal recordand reviewed at least annually by staff, parents/carers and the

pupil. The annual review enables provision for the pupil to be evaluated and, where appropriate, for changes to be put in place, for example, reducingor increasing levels of support.

Monitoring and review:

The SENDCo monitors the movement of children within the SEND system in school. The SENDCo/Headteacher provides regular summaries of the impact of the policy on the practice of the school.

The SENDCo is involved in supporting teachers involved in drawing up Individual Education Plans forchildren. The SENDCo and the named governor with responsibility for special needs also hold regular meetings.

The governing body reviews this policy annually and considers any amendments in the light of the annual review findings. The SENDCo reports the outcome of the review to the full governing body.

This document is written so that class teachers, peripatetic staff, supply teachers, student teachers, support assistants and voluntary helpers are aware of the way SEND support is delivered at our school. It is the aim of this policy to enhance understanding of SEND in the National Curriculum and in so doingdevelop quality learning situations for all the children in our school. It has been compiled with whole school consultation

See below for graduated response document.

Stratford Primary School **Graduated Approach to Supporting Pupils with SEND** Parent/ carer/child expresses concern Teacher expresses concerns about about their learning to the class child's learning to parents/carers. teacher/other member of staff. SENDCo is informed. Significant concern is raised about a need that is not being met by quality Quality First Teaching methods are first teaching methods. A 'Record of adapted, and an intervention plan Concern' is completed by the teacher. may be put in place. The child shows improvements within Teacher has a meeting with the SENDCo sharing evidence collected: the identified area for concern. interventions tried, observations, assessments, work in class etc Improvements are made and targets achieved. The child is fully able to Recommendations are made for specific quality access the curriculum again. first teaching methods to be adapted at class Child taken off the SEN register level intervention. Children may require some individual/small group intervention on the class 'Provision Map' A decision is made, with parental consent, to place the child on the SEN register. STEP 2 STEP 3 STEP 1 An IEP/Provision Profile is written, Statutory Assessment: Addition assessments discussed and agreed with The graduated response are made. parents/carers and the child. Small has not been successfu7 An IEP and 'Provision group/1:1 Map' and progress has not Interventions put in place focusing been made or a may be written. on targets set on the 'Provision Map' specific/complex need Specific small group/1:1 Progress is monitored by class has been identified. intervention is put in teacher and Further support is place and

SENDCo against targets each term.

Possible referral to external service

to gain more information about

areas of need and identify specific

next steps.

progress monitored by

the SENDCo and class

teacher.

requested through

SENDAR. An Educational

Health and Care Plan

referral is made.